Reptilia: Squamata (lizards)

Basiliscus basiliscus. Predation. Three species of basilisk lizards are found in Costa Rica, of which one, Basiliscus basiliscus, is restricted to the Pacific versant of the country. A relatively large lizard, B. basiliscus is an abundant species that spends most of its time basking, foraging, and resting along streams (Savage, 2002). This species is known to feed on active prey such as insects, freshwater shrimp, fishes, lizards, snakes, birds, and mammals, but its diet also includes flowers and the fruits of streamside plants (Barden, 1943; Van Devender, 1983; Savage, 2002).

On 13 February 2014, at 1145 h, one of us (LAH) encountered an adult male *B. basiliscus* feeding on an adult *Thamnophis proximus* (Fig. 1) along the Río Bebedero, Parque Nacional Palo Verde, in the Provincia de Guanacaste. The basilisk was perched on a root that extended diagonally into the river, about 3 m from the water and 1 m



Fig. 1. An adult male *Basiliscus basiliscus* feeding on an adult *Thamnophis proximus* along the Río Bebedero, Parque Nacional Palo Verde, Provincia de Guanacaste, Costa Rica.

from the bank. This note represents the first report of B. basiliscus preying on T. proximus.

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