

# New records of sea anemones (Cnidaria: Anthozoa) from Costa Rica

Nuevos registros de anémonas de mar (Cnidaria: Anthozoa) de Costa Rica

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**Resumen.-** A pesar de ser componentes importantes en los sistemas marino-costeros, las anémonas de mar han sido poco estudiadas en las costas de Costa Rica. En el presente trabajo se dan a conocer registros nuevos de anémonas de mar para las costas del Caribe y Pacífico de Costa Rica, incluyendo el Parque Nacional Isla del Coco. Se han confirmado también la presencia de otras especies que habían sido registradas para Costa Rica, pero sólo en base a observaciones visuales o fotografías. Se actualiza el inventario de este grupo de cnidarios que, junto a los corallimorpharios, está constituido por 16 especies (10 en el Caribe y 6 en el Pacífico e Isla del Coco). Asimismo, se realiza una comparación entre las faunas de anémonas de mar de Costa Rica y Panamá.

**Palabras clave:** Actiniaria, costa del Caribe, costa del Pacífico, Isla del Coco, América Central

**Abstract.-** Despite being important components in coastal marine systems, sea anemones have been poorly studied on both coasts of Costa Rica. In this paper new records of sea anemones are mentioned for the Caribbean and Pacific coasts of Costa Rica and the Isla del Coco National Park. Additionally, the presence of other species previously recorded in Costa Rica based on single observations or photos, is reconfirmed. An updated inventory of these cnidarians is provided, and with the corallimorpharians, comprises of 16 species (10 in the Caribbean and 6 in the Pacific and Coco Island). A comparison with the sea anemone fauna of Panama is added.

**Key words:** Actiniaria, Caribbean coast, Pacific coast, Cocos Island, Central America

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## INTRODUCTION

The study of marine biodiversity of Costa Rica has increased in recent years. However, few groups of cnidarians are relatively well studied, such as the scleractinians and octocorals of both the Pacific and Caribbean coasts (Breedy 2009, Cortés 2009a). Other groups, like the sea anemones, are poorly known and only 7 actiniarians (sea anemones *sensu stricto*) were mentioned by Cortés (1997, 2009b) for both coasts. Subsequently, Excoffon *et al.* (2009) recorded and redescribed the sea anemone *Nemanthus californicus* Carlgren, 1940, from Archipiélago Islas Murciélago (north Pacific coast of Costa Rica). The identifications of most species mentioned by Cortés (1997) are based in single observations or photographic records and more studies are necessary to confirm these identifications. This author also mentioned the presence of the corallimorpharians *Ricordea florida* (Duchassaing & Michelotti, 1860) and

*Rhodactis osculifera* (Le Sueur, 1817) (cited as *Discosoma sanctithomae*) from Cahuita National Park (Caribbean coast), these species like all corallimorpharians are considered sea anemones *sensu lato*. A recent paper by Acuña *et al.* (2012a) mentioned the occurrence of *Telmatactis panamensis* (Verrill, 1869) in Isla del Coco National Park, meanwhile Bradley & Ireland (1993) mentioned the presence of *T. cricooides* (Duchassaing, 1850) (cited as *T. americana*) on this island, but this record is doubtful since is based on a photography and specimens were not analyzed; also Acuña *et al.* (2012b) recorded the sea anemone *Anthopleura nigrescens* (Verrill, 1928) from Mata Limón on the Pacific coast of Costa Rica.

After many field trips to both coasts of Costa Rica and the expedition UCR-UNA-COCO-I to Isla del Coco, we

identified more species of sea anemones that constitute new records for Costa Rica and these are reported in this paper. We also provide a complete and updated inventory of sea anemones from Costa Rica and compare it with the sea anemone fauna from Panama, as studied by Garese *et al.* (2009).

## MATERIALS AND METHODS

### SAMPLING SITES AND DATES

Caribbean coast: Cahuita National Park (9°44'10"N; 82°48'37"W) (intertidal and internal lagoon, May 2007); Puerto Viejo (9°39'32"N; 82°45'09"W) (intertidal and subtidal, May 2008 and May 2010); Manzanillo (9°38'15"N; 82°39'06"W) (intertidal and subtidal, May 2010). Pacific coast: Puntarenas (9°58'35"N; 84°51'03"W) (intertidal, May 2008); Caldera (9°55'26"N; 84°42'53"W) (intertidal, May 2008); Malpaís (9°36'37"N; 85°08'44"W) (intertidal, May 2010); Bahía Salinas [intertidal (11°02'05"N; 85°41'56"W), subtidal (11°01'40"N; 85°46'25"W), May 2010]. Isla del Coco (Expedition UCR-UNA-COCO-I; April 2010); Bahía Chatham (5°32'56"N; 87°02'38"W) (intertidal), Punta Ulloa (5°32'59"N; 87°02'00"W) (subtidal).

### COLLECTION OF SPECIMENS OF SEA ANEMONES

The individuals of different species were collected by hand from the intertidal zones, by snorkelling in subtidal zones, or with SCUBA at greater depths. Individuals were anesthetized by the addition of crystals of magnesium chloride, and preserved in 5% formalin and later in 70% ethanol.

### TAXONOMICAL IDENTIFICATION

The external characters of specimens were observed in the field and also in the laboratory. The internal anatomy was studied by dissections under a stereoscopic microscope. Since all specimens belonged to known species histological sections were not necessary. The cnidae was analyzed using a Zeiss® Axiolab Microscope with micrometric eyepiece at a magnification of 1000X (oil immersion). The used terminology was based on England (1991). The morphology of each species was compared and checked with previous papers (original descriptions, re-descriptions, etc.) in order to identify them. The current classification of sea anemones and the taxonomic status of some species were cross-checked with the electronic database 'Hexacorallians of the World' (Fautin 2013). Material examined is deposited at Museo de Zoología,

Universidad de Costa Rica (MZUCR), indicating for each species the catalogue number in brackets.

## RESULTS

### CARIBBEAN COAST

#### FAMILY ACTINIIDAE

*Bunodosoma granuliferum* (Le Sueur, 1817)

Seven specimens of this species were collected from the intertidal zone of Puerto Viejo, inhabiting holes and cracks of dead coral. (MZUCR 2288).

Distribution other than Costa Rica: Panama and Buenaventura, Colombia (McCommas 1991); Caribbean Sea: Martinique (Le Sueur 1817); Antilles (Duchassaing 1850); Netherlands Antilles; Grand Cayman (McCommas 1991); Jamaica (Duerden 1898); Puerto Rico: Cabo Rojo (McCommas & Lester 1980), San Juan Harbor, Hucares, Cabo Rojo and Aguadilla (Duerden 1902). India: Maharashtra, Bombay, Cuffe Parade and Breach Candy (Parulekar 1968).

*Phialoba steinbecki* Carlgren, 1949

Two specimens, one from the lagoon of Cahuita Reef (MZUCR 2289) and one from the intertidal zone of Puerto Viejo (MZUCR 2290) in a hole of dead coral.

Distribution other than Costa Rica: Islas Coronados and Puerto Escondido, Gulf of California, Baja California del Norte, Mexico (Carlgren, 1951), Bahía Asunción, Playa La Gaviota and Armenta, Baja California Sur, Mexico (Acuña *et al.* 1997).

#### FAMILY PHYMANTHIDAE

*Phymanthus crucifer* (Le Sueur, 1817)

Eight individuals sampled from holes and cracks of dead coral in the intertidal zone of Puerto Viejo (MZUCR 2291). Also observed in Manzanillo.

Distribution other than Costa Rica: Bocas del Toro, Panama (Guzmán & Guevara, 1998a, 1998b, 1999, 2001); Caribbean Sea: Jamaica (Duerden 1898, 1900); Bermuda (Verrill 1898, 1900, 1905); New Providence, Bahamas (McMurrich 1889); Playa Jamainitas, Cuba (Herrera Moreno 1981); Puerto Rico (Duerden 1902); Conset Bay, Barbados (Le Sueur 1817, Lewis 1960); West Indies (Verrill 1905). Crawl Key, south of Miami, Florida, USA (Carlgren 1952).

#### FAMILY AIPTASIIDAE

*Aiptasia* sp.

Six individuals collected from the intertidal zone of Puerto Viejo holes and cracks of dead coral. Since we were not able to identify these specimens to specific level they are not included in our analyses or tables. (MZUCR 2292).

#### PACIFIC COAST

#### FAMILY ACTINIIDAE

*Anthopleura elegantissima* (Brandt, 1835)

Many individuals grouped in a single clone from the intertidal zone of Puntarenas under a big rock. (MZUCR 2293).

Distribution other than Costa Rica: Pacific coast of North America (Carlgren 1952).

*Bunodosoma grande* (Verrill, 1869)

Many specimens of the 3 colour morphotypes of this species were collected from the intertidal zone, subtidal zone and depths to 9 m in Bahía Salinas. (MZUCR 2296).

Distribution other than Costa Rica: Pearl Islands, Bay of Panama, Panama (Verrill 1869); Galápagos Islands, Ecuador (Fautin *et al.* 2007); Zorritos and Paita Perú: (Verrill 1869); Corinto and Río Brito, Nicaragua (Verrill 1869, 1870). Gulf of California, Baja California Sur, Mexico (Verrill 1870).

#### FAMILY HORMATHIIDAE

*Calliactis polypus* (Forsskål, 1775)

Several individuals were found on 2 gastropods shells inhabited by hermit crabs, collected in Bahía Salinas at 21 m depth (MZUCR 1920).

Distribution other than Costa Rica: Bahía de Achotines, Panama (Garese *et al.* 2009); Galápagos Islands, Ecuador (Fautin *et al.* 2007); Tuamotu Archipelago (Dana 1846, 1859); Cape Verde Island (Hertwig 1882); Red Sea (Klunzinger 1877); Tanzania (Carlgren 1900); Hawaii (Verrill 1928); South Africa (Carlgren 1938); Australia (Carlgren 1950a, 1950b); Aden (England 1971); Christmas Island, Kenya, Maldive Islands and Malay Straits (England 1987); Marshall Islands (Cutress & Arneson 1987).

#### FAMILY ISOPHELLIIDAE

*Telmatactis panamensis* (Verrill, 1869)

Individual on a rock collected in Bahía Salinas at 9 m. (MZUCR 2295). Several specimens were collected from the intertidal zone of Malpaís (MZUCR 2294).

Distribution other than Costa Rica: Panama (Verrill 1869); Easter Island, Chile (Carlgren 1922); Baja California, Mexico (Carlgren 1951); Galápagos Islands, Ecuador (Fautin *et al.* 2007).

#### ISLA DEL COCO NATIONAL PARK

#### FAMILY ACTINIIDAE

*Anthopleura nigrescens* (Verrill, 1928)

Five specimens under a flat stone collected from the intertidal zone of Bahía Chatham (MZUCR 1905).

Distribution other than Costa Rica: Hong Kong (England 1987, 1992). India: Bombay (Parulekar 1968), Cochin (England 1987), Mahim (Parulekar 1968). Japan: Hokkaido (Uchida 1938), Mutsu Bay (Uchida 1938). Geojedo Island, Korea (Song & Lee 1998); Enewetok Atoll, Marshall Islands (Cutress & Arneson 1987); Hawaii, USA (Verrill 1928, Dunn 1974, Cutress 1977, England 1987); Galápagos Islands, Ecuador (Fautin *et al.* 2007).

#### FAMILY BOLOCEROIDIDAE

*Bolocerooides* sp.

Four individuals from Bahía Chatham buried in sediments. Since we were not able to identify them to specific level they are not included in our analyses here. These specimens have not a catalogue number yet since they are under study at IIMyC (Mar del Plata, Argentina).

#### DISCUSSION

In this paper it was reported 8 new records of sea anemones for Costa Rica (Table 1) and also the presence of individuals belonging to genus *Aiptasia* collected from the intertidal zone of Cahuita National Park (Caribbean) that we were not able to identify at species level; we also report some individuals of genus *Bolocerooides* from Bahía Chatham, Isla del Coco National Park). In the Caribbean of Costa Rica we found 3 new records of actinarians: *B. granuliferum* and *P. crucifer* are common sea anemones, but the species *P. steinbecki* is a rare record since it was described from the Gulf of California and it is difficult to

**Table 1. Inventory of sea anemones from Costa Rica / Inventario de las anémonas de mar de Costa Rica**

Classification	Caribbean Coast	Pacific Coast	Isla del Coco
Class Anthozoa			
Subclass Hexacorallia			
Order Actiniaria			
Suborder Nyantheae			
Infraorder Thenaria			
Superfamily Metridioidea			
Family Aiptasiidae			
<i>Bartholomea annulata</i> (Le Sueur, 1817)	+		
Family Hormathiidae			
<i>Calliactis polyypus</i> (Forsskål, 1775)		+	
Family Isophelliidae			
<i>Telmatactis panamensis</i> (Verrill, 1869)		+	+
Family Nemanthidae			
<i>Nemanthus californicus</i> Carlgren, 1940		+	
Superfamily Actiniodea			
Family Actiniidae			
<i>Anthopleura elegantissima</i> (Brandt, 1835)		+	
<i>Anthopleura nigrescens</i> (Verrill, 1928)		+	+
<i>Bunodosoma grande</i> (Verrill, 1869)		+	
<i>Bunodosoma granuliferum</i> (Le Sueur, 1817)	+		
<i>Condylactis gigantea</i> (Weinland, 1860)	+		
<i>Phialoba steinbecki</i> Carlgren, 1949	+		
Family Aliciidae			
<i>Alicia mirabilis</i> Johnson, 1861	+		
<i>Lebrunia coralligens</i> (Duchassaing & Michelotti, 1860)	+		
Family Phymanthidae			
<i>Phymanthus crucifer</i> (Le Sueur, 1817)	+		
Family Stichodactylidae			
<i>Stichodactyla helianthus</i> (Ellis, 1768)	+		
Order Corallimorpharia			
Family Discosomatidae			
<i>Rhodactis osculifera</i> (Le Sueur, 1817)	+		
Family Ricordeidae			
<i>Ricordea florida</i> Duchassaing & Michelotti, 1860	+		

know how it could have colonized the Caribbean area, assuming its origin in the Pacific coast of North America. Therefore, the possibility of sibling species could be considered, but more specimens and DNA analysis must be performed.

Four sea anemones species are mentioned for the first time from the Pacific coast of Costa Rica. The first is *A. elegantissima* which was found under a big rock from the intertidal zone of Puntarenas. This species was described and recorded along the Pacific coast of North America and perhaps was introduced in Puntarenas settled on ship hulls, or by mean the ballast water. Another species is *Bunodosoma grande* from the intertidal and subtidal zones of Bahía Salinas, this sea anemone has at least 3 colour morphotypes and is quite abundant. Individuals of *Calliactis polyypus* were collected at 21 m

on hermit crabs; this is a common sea anemone in the Pacific, but had not been recorded for Costa Rica. Although the acontiarian anemone *Telmatactis panamensis* was recorded for Isla del Coco (Acuña *et al.* 2012a), in this work we found this species for the first time on the Pacific coast (Bahía Salinas) of Costa Rica. We recorded the sea anemone *Anthopleura nigrescens*, a common actiniarian in other Pacific islands like Galápagos and Hawaii, for the first time from Isla del Coco; it was recently reported by the Pacific coast of Costa Rica (Acuña *et al.* 2012b). Clearly Isla del Coco National Park needs more research effort in order to have more extensive sampling, and probably more records and perhaps new species for science will be found.

Furthermore, of the new records for Costa Rica we observed and collected specimens of species previously

mentioned in other papers, but based on single observations or photographic records: *Bartholomea annulata* (Le Sueur, 1817), 4 specimens were collected from the intertidal zone of Puerto Viejo and one from Manzanillo, inhabiting holes and cracks in dead coral. One specimen was observed in Portete (Limón). This is a common sea anemone in other Caribbean zones [(Antilles (Pax 1924), Bahamas (Watzl 1922), Gulf of Mexico (Carlgren & Hedgpeth 1952), Panama (Sebens 1976, Garese *et al.* 2009) and Cuba (Herrera-Moreno 1981)]. Also 2 corallimorpharians (sea anemones *sensu lato*) reported by Cortés (1997), were recorded from the subtidal of Manzanillo, while many individuals of *S. helianthus* were

found in Cahuita, Puerto Viejo and Manzanillo on hard substrata (mainly corals) and also attached to the algae *Sargassum*. Cortés (1997) found one specimen in Limón assigned to genus *Anthopleura*, but we did not examine it to confirm the identification, therefore this record is not included in the tables.

Based on our study, the sea anemone fauna of Costa Rica is currently composed by 16 species (10 from the Caribbean and 6 from the Pacific including Isla del Coco). No endemic species are recorded for this country and most of species are shared with many other countries, especially Panama. In Table 2 a comparison between the

**Table 2. Comparison of sea anemone fauna of Costa Rica and Panama / Comparación de la fauna de anémonas de mar de Costa Rica y Panamá**

Zone	Species	Costa Rica	Panama
Caribbean	<i>Alicia mirabilis</i> Johnson, 1861	+	
	<i>Bartholomea annulata</i> (Le Sueur, 1817)	+	+
	<i>Bunodosoma granuliferum</i> (Le Sueur, 1817)	+	+
	<i>Condylactis gigantea</i> (Weinland, 1860)	+	+
	<i>Discosoma neglecta</i> (Duchassaing & Michelotti, 1860)		+
	<i>Lebrunia coralligena</i> (Duchassaing & Michelotti, 1860)	+	
	<i>Lebrunia danae</i> (Duchassaing & Michelotti, 1860)		+
	<i>Phialoba steinbecki</i> Carlgren, 1949	+	
	<i>Phymanthus crucifer</i> (Le Sueur, 1817)	+	+
	<i>Ragactis lúcida</i> (Duchassaing de Fonbressin & Michelotti, 1860)		+
	<i>Stichodactyla helianthus</i> (Ellis, 1768)	+	+
	<i>Rhodactis osculifera</i> (Le Sueur, 1817)	+	+
	<i>Ricordea florida</i> Duchassaing & Michelotti, 1860	+	+
Subtotal		10	11
Pacific	<i>Actinostella bradleyi</i> (Verrill, 1869)		+
	<i>Actinostella ornata</i> (Verrill, 1869)		+
	<i>Actinothoe bradleyi</i> (Verrill, 1869)		+
	<i>Anthiparactis lineolata</i> (Couthouy in Dana, 1846)		+
	<i>Anthopleura dowii</i> Verrill, 1869		+
	<i>Anthopleura elegantissima</i> (Brandt, 1835)	+	
	<i>Anthopleura nigrescens</i> (Verrill, 1928)	+	
	<i>Anthopleura xanthogrammica</i> (Brandt, 1835)		+
	<i>Bunodosoma grande</i> (Verrill, 1869)	+	+
	<i>Calliactis polypus</i> (Forsskål, 1775)	+	+
	<i>Calliactis variegata</i> Verrill, 1869		+
	<i>Nemanthus californicus</i> Carlgren, 1940	+	
	<i>Phellia inornata</i> Verrill, 1869		+
	<i>Phymactis papillosa</i> (Lesson, 1830)		+
	<i>Sagartia carcinophila</i> Verrill, 1869		+
<i>Sagartia crispata</i> Verrill, 1869		+	
<i>Anthothoe panamensis</i> Verrill, 1869		+	
<i>Telmatactis panamensis</i> (Verrill, 1869)	+	+	
Subtotal		6	15
Grand Total		16	26

inventory of species from both coasts of Costa Rica and Panama is presented, the number of species in Costa Rica is lower due presumably to a less research effort. With the exception of *Anthopleura elegantissima*, *A. nigrescens*, *Nemanthus californicus*, *Alicia mirabilis*, *Lebrunia coralligens* and *Phialoba steinbecki*, all the species found in Costa Rica were also recorded from Panama, this is to be expected taking in account that both countries belong to the Marine Provinces Tropical East Pacific and Tropical Northwestern Atlantic (Spalding *et al.* 2007). Certainly more research effort is needed, not only in Isla del Coco, as we mentioned above, but also in both coasts of Costa Rica in order to obtain a more complete and comprehensive inventory of sea anemones, essential in any marine invertebrate biodiversity study.

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